

Knowledge & Skills – Year R

Unit	1	2	3	4	5	6
Title	Me!	My Stories	Everyone!	Our World	Big Bear Funk	Reflect, Rewind & Replay
Main Songs	Pat-a-cake 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Once I Caught a Fish Alive This Old Man Five Little Ducks Name Song Things For Fingers	I'm A Little Teapot The Grand Old Duke Of York Ring O' Roses Hickory Dickory Dock Not Too Difficult The ABC Song	Wind The Bobbin Up Rock-a-bye Baby Five Little Monkeys Jumping On The Bed Twinkle Twinkle If You're Happy And You Know It Head, Shoulders, Knees And Toes	Old Macdonald Incy Wincy Spider Baa Baa Black Sheep Row, Row, Row Your Boat The Wheels On The Bus The Hokey Cokey	Big Bear Funk	Big Bear Funk Baa Baa Black Sheep Twinkle Twinkle Incy Wincy Spider Rock-a-bye Baby Row, Row, Row Your Boat
Cross-curricular / topic-based focus	Growing, homes, colour, toys, how I look.	Imagination, Christmas, festivals, fairies, pirates, treasure, superheroes, let's pretend, once upon a time.	Family, friends, people, music from around the world.	Animals, jungle, minibeasts, night and day, sand and water, seaside, seasons, weather, sea, space.	Transition unit.	Consolidate learning and contextualise the history of music.
Explore and Create	Musical Activities that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch, explore voices and classroom instruments.					
Games Track	Find the pulse.	Find the pulse as one of the characters from the song.	Invent ways to find the pulse.	Find the pulse and show others your ideas.	Find a funky pulse.	Revise existing.

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						MUSICAL SCHOOL
Copy Cat Rhythm Games	Copy-clap the rhythm of names.	Copy-clap the rhythm of small phrases from the songs.	Copy-clap some rhythms of phrases from the songs.	Copy-clap some rhythms of phrases from the songs.	Copy-clap 3 or 4 word phrases from the song.	Revise existing.
High and Low Games	Explore high sounds and low sounds using voices and glockenspiels.	Explore high pitch and low pitch in the context of the songs.	Explore high pitch and low pitch in the context of the songs.	Explore high pitch and low pitch using the images from the songs.		Revise existing.
High and Low Games A. Play Together					Keep the beat of the song with a pitched note.	Revise existing.
High and Low Games B. Pitch Activities					Add pitched notes to the rhythm of the words or phrases in the song.	Revise existing.
High and Low Games C. Extended Options					Enjoy playing patterns using a combination of any of the three notes C, D and E.	Revise existing.
Create your own Sounds using instruments		Invent a pattern to go with a song using one note.	Use the starting note to explore melodic patterns using one or two notes.	Use the starting note to explore melodic patterns using one or two notes.		Revise existing.

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Instrument Notes	1	2	3	4	5	6
		I'm A Little Teapot C, C + D The Grand Old Duke Of York C, C + D Ring O' Roses C, C + D Hickory Dickory Dock C, C + D The ABC Song D, D + E	Wind The Bobbin Up D, D + E Rock-a-bye Baby D, D + E If You're Happy And You Know It G, G + A	Old Macdonald Incy Wincy Spider G, G + A Baa Baa Black Sheep D, D + E Row, Row, Row Your Boat C, C + D Wheels On The Bus C, C + D The Hokey Cokey F, F + G	Big Bear Funk D, D + E, D + C	Revise existing.



Supporting Songs and Styles

1	2	3	4	5	6
Me! by Joanna Mangona	My Stories by Joanna Mangona	Everyone! by Joanna Mangona	Our World by Joanna Mangona	Big Bear Funk by Joanna Mangona	Reflect, Rewind and Replay
Wide variety of musical styles as an introduction.	Wide variety of musical styles as an introduction.	Wide variety of musical styles as an introduction.	Wide variety of musical styles as an introduction.	Funk.	Classical.
Celebration by Kool And The Gang Happy by Pharell Williams Sing by The Carpenters Sing A Rainbow by Peggie Lee Happy Birthday by Stevie Wonder Our House by Madness	Roll Alabama by Bellowhead Boogie Wonderland by Earth Wind And Fire Don't Go Breaking My Heart by Elton John and Kiki Dee Ganesh Is Fresh by MC Yogi Frosty The Snowman sung	We Are Family by Sister Sledge Thula Baba by Hlabalela Ensemble ABC by The Jackson 5 My Mum Is Amazing (feat. Zain Bhikha) by Zimtech Productions Conga by Miami Sound Machine Horn Concerto No 4: Third	Lovely Day by Bill Withers Beyond The Sea sung by Robbie Williams Mars from The Planets Suite by Gustav Holst Frog's Legs And Dragon's Teeth by Bellowhead Ain't No Mountain High Enough sung by Marvin Gaye and Tammi Terral	Big Bear Funk by Joanna Mangona I Feel Good by James Brown Don't You Worry 'Bout a Thing sung by Incognito My Promise by Earth Wind And Fire Superstition by Stevie Wonder	William Tell Overture by Rossini Dance Of The Sugar Plum Fairy by Tchaikovsky Flight Of The Bumblebee by Rimsky-Korsakov Jupiter, The Bringer Of Jollity by Gustav Holst Fantasia On A Theme by Thomas Tallis by Ralph
Our Floure by Muulless	by Ella Fitzgerald Spiderman sung by Michael Bublé	Movement – Rondo by Mozart	Singing In The Rain performed by Gene Kelly	Pick Up The Pieces by Average White Band	Vaughan Williams E.T. Flying Theme by John Williams

Listen and Respond

Knowledge	Skills		
 To know twenty nursery rhymes off by heart. To know the stories of some of the nursery rhymes. 	 To learn that music can touch your feelings. To enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or Pop stars. 		

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Explore and Create (Musical Activities)

Knowledge	Skills
 To know that we can move with the pulse of the music. To know that the words of songs can tell stories and paint pictures. 	There are progressive Music Activities within each unit that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. Children listen to and work with the Games Track to complete the following in relation to the main song:
	Activity A Games Track Find the pulse by copying a character in a nursery rhyme, imagining a similar character or object and finding different ways to keep the pulse.
	 Activity B Copycat Rhythm Copy basic rhythm patterns of single words, building to short phrase from the song/s.
	Activity C High and Low Explore high and low using voices and sounds of characters in the songs. Listen to high-pitched and low-pitched sounds on a glockenspiel.
	Activity D Create Your Own Sounds Invent a pattern using one pitched note, keep the pulse throughout with a single note and begin to create simple 2-note patterns to accompany the song.
	Extension Activity Adding a 2-note melody to the rhythm of the words. Playing with two pitched notes to invent musical patterns.



Singing

Knowledge	Skills		
 To sing or rap nursery rhymes and simple songs from memory. Songs have sections. 	 To sing along with a pre-recorded song and add actions. To sing along with the backing track. 		

Share and Perform

Knowledge	Skills
A performance is sharing music.	 Perform any of the nursery rhymes by singing and adding actions or dance. Perform any nursery rhymes or songs adding a simple instrumental part. Record the performance to talk about.

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Section One: Knowledge, Skills and Learning Progression by Year Group

Broad Knowledge, Skills and Learning Outcomes by Area and Year Group

The learning outcomes are naturally linked to the assessment criteria for each year.

Area 1: Listening and Responding to Music

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Understanding and Using Musical language	1a: I can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements), from both prior and new learning.	1a: I can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements), from both prior and new learning.	1a: I can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning.	1a: I can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning.	1a: I can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning.	1a: I can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning.
Understanding and identifying connections between music and our feelings	1b : I can demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with/relate to music.	1b : I can demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with/relate to music.	1b: I can identify and describe feelings as they relate to music.	1b: I can identify and describe a variety of contrasting feelings as they relate to music.	1b: I can identify and describe a variety of contrasting feelings as they relate to music.	2b: I can identify and describe a variety of contrasting feelings as they relate to music.
Understanding and identifying musical styles and the socio-historical connections and context of music	1c: I can demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style.	1c: I can demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style.	1c: I can demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections to the music.	1c: I can demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections to the music.	1c: I can demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections and context of the music.	3c: I can demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections and context of the music.

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Area 2: Understanding and Using the Language of Music

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Understanding and using differences in pitch and note duration	2b: I can demonstrate an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short).	2b: I can demonstrate an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short).				
Composing and improv	rising:					
 Understanding and applying the concepts 	2d: I can demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition.	2d: I can demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition.	2c: I can make an informed decision as to which notes to use when composing and improvising with the song.	2c: I can make an informed decision as to which notes to use when composing and improvising with the song.	2c: I can make an informed decision as to which notes and expression to use when composing and improvising with the song.	2c: I can make an informed decision as to which notes and expression to use when composing and improvising with the song.
 Creating melody according to guidelines 			2a: I can create a four or six-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task.	2a: I can create a four or six-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task.	2a: I can create a four, six or eight-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task.	2a: I can create a four, six, eight or 12-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task.
Following instrumental parts in a group performance			2b: When playing instrumental parts with the song, I can follow the instrumental part on the screen, playing by ear or with the notation provided.	2b: When playing instrumental parts with the song, I can follow the instrumental part on the screen, playing by ear or with the notation provided.	2b: When playing instrumental parts with the song, I can follow the instrumental part on the screen. My playing is secure – by ear or with the notation provided. (I	2b: When playing instrumental parts with the song, I can follow the instrumental part on the screen. My playing is secure – by ear or with the notation provided. (I

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				should aim to be able to read at least the simplest part of the piece).	should aim to be able to read at least the simplest part of the piece). In Year 6, this includes any musical expression considered for the performance.
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Area 3: Developing Performance Awareness and Skills

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Feeling the pulse/beat	2a: I can demonstrate an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.	2a: I can demonstrate an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.	2a: I can demonstrate an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.	2a: I can demonstrate an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.	3a: I can demonstrate with confidence an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.	3a: I can demonstrate with confidence an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.
Understanding the importance of posture and technique when performing.	2c: I can demonstrate a basic understanding of the importance of posture and technique when performing.	2c: I can demonstrate a basic understanding of the importance of posture and technique when performing.	3b: I can demonstrate an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing.	3b: I can demonstrate an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing.	3b: I can demonstrate - and can explain – an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing.	3b: I can demonstrate – and can explain – an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing.
Rehearsing and Performing:	From 2e : (When introducing the performance):	From 2e : (When introducing the performance):	3c: When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song:	3c: When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song:	3c: When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song:	3c: When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song:



Reflecting upon preparation and the context of the piece itself	2e: I can introduce my performance(s).	2e: I can introduce my performance(s).	•I can introduce the performance with context and understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections.	•I can introduce the performance with context and understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections.	•I can introduce the performance with context and understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections.	•I can introduce the performance with context and understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections.
Connecting to the Social Theme	Any connection I make to the Social Theme is an added bonus.	Any connection I make to the Social Theme is an added bonus.	•I can understand and make connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme.	•I can understand and make connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme.	•I can understand and make connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme.	•I can understand and make connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme.
Understanding and applying learning from the Musical Spotlight			•I can understand and apply learning from the Musical Spotlight.	•I can understand and apply learning from the Musical Spotlight.	•I can understand and apply learning from the Musical Spotlight.	•I can understand and apply learning from the Musical Spotlight.

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Activity-Based Knowledge, Skills and Learning Aims by Musical Element, by Year Group

Pulse / Beat / Metre

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Watch, follow, feel and move to a steady beat with others.	Watch and follow a steady beat.	Recognise and move in time with the beat.	Recognise and move in time with a steady beat.	Recognise and move in time with the changing speed of a steady beat.	Recognise and move in time with the changing speed of a steady beat.
	Find a steady beat.	Play the steady beat on	Play in time with a steady		
Find and enjoy moving to		percussion instruments.	beat and identify the	Play in time with a steady	Play in time with a steady
music in different ways.	Recognise the time		metres 2/4, 4/4 and 3/4.	beat and identify the	beat and identify the
	signature 4/4 by ear and	Recognise the 'strong'		metres 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4	metres 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 6/8
Respond to the pulse in recorded/live music	notation.	beat.	Respond to the 'offbeat' or 'backbeat'.	and 6/8.	and 5/4.
through movement and	Understand that the	Play in time with a steady		Respond to the 'offbeat' or	Identify syncopation and
dance.	speed of the beat can	beat in 2/4, 4/4 and 3/4.		'backbeat'.	swing.
	change, creating a faster				
	or slower pace (tempo).				

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Rhythm

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Recognise and clap long sounds, short sounds and simple combinations. Perform short, copycat rhythm patterns accurately, led by the teacher. Perform short, repeating	Recognise long and short sounds, and match them to syllables and movement. Play copy back rhythms, copying a leader, and invent rhythms for others to copy on untuned and tuned percussion.	Recognise by ear and notation: minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests. Copy simple rhythm patterns created from minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests. Create simple rhythm	Recognise by ear and notation: • Semibreves, minims, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers • Dotted minims and dotted crotchets Copy simple rhythm patterns created from semibreves, minims,	Recognise by ear and notation: • Minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and their rests Recognise by ear and notation: • 6/8 rhythm patterns • Dotted crotchets, triplet quavers, dotted quavers,	Recognise by ear and notation: • Minims, crotchets, quavers, semiquavers and their rests Recognise by ear and notation: • 6/8 rhythm patterns • Dotted crotchets, triplet quavers, dotted triplet quavers and their rests Recognise by ear and notation:
rhythm patterns (ostinati and riffs) while keeping	Create rhythms using	patterns by ear and using simple notation	crotchets, quavers and rests.	quavers and their rests	9/8 rhythm patternsDotted crotchets, triplet
in time with a steady beat.	word phrases as a starting point.	from minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests.	Create rhythm patterns by ear and using simple	Recognise dotted rhythm in melodies.	quavers and quaver notes and their rests
Perform word-pattern chants; create, retain and perform your own		Alternate between a steady beat and rhythm.	notation, which use semibreves, minims, crotchets and quavers.	Copy simple rhythm patterns using the above rhythms.	Recognise dotted rhythm in melodies.
rhythm patterns.			Understand and explain the difference between beat and rhythm.	Create rhythm patterns by ear and using simple notation, which use the	Copy simple rhythm patterns using the above rhythms. Create rhythm patterns by ear
			Recall the most memorable rhythms in a	above rhythm patterns. Recall the most	and using simple notation, that use the above rhythm patterns.
			song or piece of music.	memorable rhythms in a song or piece of music.	Recall the most memorable rhythms in a song or piece of music.

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Pitch (Melody)

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Recognise, sing and play high and low-pitched notes. Explore singing and playing C, D, and E from the C major scale. Explore singing and playing F, G, and A from the F major scale.	Identify the high notes and low notes in a melody. Join in with part of a melody. Rehearse and play a simple instrumental melody as a part to go with a song. Identify the names of the notes on a glockenspiel: C, D, E, F, G, A, B, C. Use body percussion, untuned and tuned percussion instruments with a song, and listen to how the sounds blend together. Identify and play by ear or notation notes in the tonality of C major.	Show the shape of a melody as rising and falling in pitch. Learn to sing a melody by ear or from notation. Learn to rehearse and play a melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation. Identify the names of the pitched notes on a stave: C, D, E, F, F#, G, A, B, B♭, C. Identify the scales of: C major G major F major Identify if a scale is major or minor. Copy simple melodies by ear and notate them. Explore and play by ear or from notation: • Five-note scale • Pentatonic scale	differentiated melodic	Identify and explain steps, jumps and leaps in the pitch of a melody. Learn to sing and follow a melody by ear and from notation. Learn to play one or more of four differentiated melodic instrumental parts by ear and from notation. Identify the names of the pitched notes on a stave: C, D, E, E♭, F♯, G, A, B, B♭, C, C♯, D. Identify the following scales by ear or from notation: C major, F major, D minor, G major, E♭ major, C minor. Copy simple melodies by ear or from reading notation.	Identify major and minor tonality by ear and from notation Learn to play one or more of four differentiated melodic instrumental parts, by ear and from notation. Identify the names of the pitched notes on a stave: C, D, E, Eb, F#, G, A, B, Bb, C, C#, D. Identify the following scales by ear or from notation: A minor, G major, D major, D minor, F major. Identify an interval of a major triad: 3rd, 5th. Identify an octave by ear or notation. Copy simple melodies by ear or from reading notation. Create melodies by ear and notate them. Use chords C, F, G and A minor by ear or from notation. Identify the tonal centres of: A minor, G major, D major, D minor, F major. Identify and demonstrate the following scales by ear and from notation: Major scale, minor scale, pentatonic scale, blues scale.

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	MOSICAL SCITOCE
Identify and talk about	t Create melodies by
the way vocals are use	ed ear and notate them.
in a song.	
	Add new chords II
Identify and explain:	and VI from a given
Harmony: two or mor	
notes heard at the sam	
time	Identify tone by ear
Second part: a secon	
musical part, usually a	
melodic line, that creat	
harmony.	5th and 7th.
Explore chords I, IV an	d V Identify the tonal
in instrumental	centres of:
accompaniments.	C major and C minor,
	F major, D minor and
Explore intervals of 3rd	
5th and octaves.	
	Identify and
Identify the following	demonstrate the
tonal centres by ear or	
from notation:	ear and from
C major, F major, G ma	
A minor.	major scale, minor
Identify and demonstra	The state of the s
a major and minor sca	
a major and minor sea	

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Tempo

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Recognise the difference between the speed of a steady beat, a fast beat and a slow beat.	Recognise the difference between the speed of a steady beat, a fast beat and a slow beat.	Recognise the difference between the speed of a steady beat, a fast beat and a slow beat.	Recognise the difference between the speed of a steady beat, a fast beat and a slow beat.	Recognise the difference between the speed of a steady beat, a fast beat and a slow beat.	Recognise the difference between the speed of a steady beat, a fast beat and a slow beat.
	Change the speed of a steady beat, moving from fast to slow, slow to fast.	Change the speed of a steady beat, moving from fast to slow, slow to fast.	Change the speed of a steady beat moving from fast to slow, slow to fast.	Change the speed of a steady beat, moving from fast to slow, slow to fast.	Change the speed of a steady beat, moving from fast to slow, slow to fast.
	Understand that the speed of the beat can change, creating a faster or slower pace.	Control the speed of a steady beat, getting faster and getting slower.	Control the speed of a steady beat, getting faster and getting slower.	Control the speed of a steady beat, getting faster and getting slower.	Control the speed of a steady beat, getting faster and getting slower.
	of stower puce.		Direct the class in controlling the speed of a steady beat in a class performance.	Direct the class in controlling the speed of a steady beat in a class performance.	Direct the class in controlling the speed of a steady beat in a class performance.
				Recognise the connection between tempi and musical styles.	Recognise the connection between tempi and musica styles.
					Recognise an effective use of tempo at the end of a song.

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Dynamics

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Talk about loud sounds and quiet sounds, and give some examples.	Identify loud and quiet sections of music, and discuss what makes the music loud or quiet. Understand the meaning of loud and quiet (forte and piano).	Listen out and respond to forte (loud) sections of music. Identify instruments playing loud dynamics when listening to the music. Use dynamics to help communicate the meaning of a song.	Identify gradation of dynamics and use the correct vocabulary to describe crescendo and diminuendo.	Identify dynamics and how they change the mood and feel of the music: forte, piano, mezzo forte, mezzo piano, crescendo and diminuendo.	Identify how dynamics change the mood and feel of music using vocabulary: forte, piano, mezzo forte, mezzo piano, crescendo and diminuendo. Identify how dynamics can support the structure of a song or piece of music, eg diminuendo leading into a new section and change of mood. Identify the connection between dynamics and texture, eg adding more players and/or singers makes the music louder.

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Timbre

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Year 1 Identify different sounds in the environment, indoors and outside. Identify the sounds of the instruments played in school. Identify some of the sounds of the instruments heard when listening to music.	Year 2 Know the difference between a speaking voice and a singing voice. Identify friends from the sound of their voices.	Year 3 Choose particular instruments for rehearsal and performing. Identify the sound of different tuned and untuned percussion instruments.	Year 4 Explain tone colour: the instruments or voices heard that can be recognised by their unique qualities. Recognise the following groups of instruments: a marching band and a symphony orchestra and its separate families: woodwind, brass, percussion and strings. Identify the following	Year 5 Recognise the following ensembles: Gospel choir and soloist Rock band Symphony orchestra A Cappella group Identify the following instruments by ear and through a range of media: drum kit, electric guitar, electric bass guitar, acoustic guitar, keyboard or Hammond organ,	Year 6 Recognise the following ensembles: Pop group A Cappella group Gospel choir Identify instruments that add particular colour to a song or piece of music. Identify the following instruments by ear and through a range of media:
music.			instruments by ear and through a range of media: banjo, acoustic guitar, tuned and untuned percussion, steel pans, clarinet, trombone, trumpet, piano, keyboard, bass drums, tuba, piccolo, bass guitar, synthesiser and electric guitar. Recognise the difference between the sound of high and low voices. Understand the importance of the vocal warm-up and its impact on the tone of the voice.	or Hammond organ, synthesiser, saxophone, trumpet, harmonica, banjo, accordion, tuned and untuned percussion, steel pans and instruments of the orchestra such as clarinet, tuba, violin, trombone and flute. Recognise the difference between the sound of high and low voices. Recognise tone colour and rapping.	Band instruments such as keyboard, electric or Hammond organ, saxophone, trumpet, electric guitar, electric bass guitar, drum kit, vocals, drum machine and synthesiser. Instruments of the orchestra from the strings, woodwind, brass and tuned and untuned percussion families, particularly violin, cello, double bass, flute, clarinet, oboe, saxophone, trumpet, trombone, French horn, tuba, drums (timpani), glockenspiel, xylophone and piano. Other instruments such as steel pans, harmonica, banjo and accordion.

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Texture

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Sing together.	Understand that singing	Understand that singing	Identify and explain	Identify solos and	Sing and play instruments in
Listen out for	and playing together creates a musical texture.	and playing together creates a musical texture.	texture: the number of voices or instruments	instrumental breaks in	different-sized groups.
combinations of	creates a musical texture.	creates a musical texture.	playing and the richness of	songs and music.	Identify solos and
instruments together.	Add body percussion	Add body percussion	the sound they create.	Talk about solo voices.	instrumental breaks in
moduments togethen	accompaniments.	accompaniments.	and sound anog or cate.	backing vocals and	songs and music.
			Identify high and low solo	different vocal textures.	
		Listen to the	voices and backing vocals,		Talk about solo voices,
		accompaniment to a song.	and talk about the different	Identify changes in	backing vocals and
			textures they create in the	texture.	different vocal textures.
		Identify large numbers of	music.		
		people playing and		Talk about the different	Refer to repeated rhythmic
		singing.	Understand and	textures created by	or melodic patterns as
			demonstrate the effect that	intervals and chords.	riffs/ostinati.
		Listen out for solo players.	repeated rhythmic or		T. I
			melodic patterns (as		Talk about the different
			riffs/ostinati) have on the		textures created by intervals and chords.
			texture of a piece of music.		intervats and chords.
			Explain the term 'unison'		Understand how texture
			and the difference		builds throughout a piece
			between unison and solo.		as voices are layered.

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Structure (Form)

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Add movement to key sections of a song. Understand when to sing in a verse and a chorus.	Join in with a repeated section of a song: the chorus, the response. Join in with the main tune when it is repeated.	Show the different sections of a song structure or piece of music through actions.	Identify and explain the following structural terms: verse, chorus, bridge, repeat signs, chorus and final chorus, improvisation, call and response, and AB form within musical structures. Identify the instrumental break and its purpose in a song. Recognise phrases and repeated sections. Discuss the purpose of a bridge section.	Identify and explain the structural terms: verse, chorus, bridge, repeat signs, chorus and final chorus, improvisation, call and response, and AB form within musical structures. Identify the instrumental break and its purpose in a song. Recognise phrases and repeated sections. Discuss the purpose of a bridge section.	Talk about how musical styles often have the same musical structure, eg Folk music: verse and chorus; Rock and Pop music: verse, chorus, bridge and instrumental break. Talk about the purpose of musical structures. Identify where changes in texture and tonality help emphasise the contrasting sections in a song. Recognise that changing the tonality at different points within the song creates different sections to the structure.

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Evolving Musical Repertoire — Scaffolded Expansion of Context for Application of Knowledge, Skills and Learning, by Year Group

This table is cumulative, carrying forward prior learning to the next year. The only exception to this is the song titles: only new songs have been added in each subsequent year column. **Blue text** indicates new learning when compared to previous years.

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Performance, Listenia	Performance, Listening, Responding and Understanding								
Notes Repertoire									
● Pitch	C, D, E, F, F#, G, A, B	C, D, E, F, F#, G, A, Bb, B	C, D, E, F, F#, G#, G, A, B, Bb	F, G, A, Bb, C, D, E, F#, B	C, G, Ab, Bb, F, A, D, E, F#, G, Eb	C, D, E, F, G, A, B, Bb, F#, C#, G#, Ab			
Duration	Minims, crotchets and quavers	Semibreves, minims, crotchets and quavers	Semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers	Minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers	Minims, dotted minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers dotted quavers semiquavers, triplet quavers	Minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, quavers, semiquavers, dotted minims, triplet quavers			
• Rests	Minims, crotchets and quavers	Semibreves, minims, crotchets and quavers	Semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers	Minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers	Minims, dotted minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers dotted quavers semiquavers, triplet quavers	Minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, quavers, semiquavers dotted minims, triplet quavers			
Key Repertoire	C major, F major, D major, G major, D minor, A minor	C major, G major, F major, A minor	C major, G major, F major, E major, A minor	C major, F major, G major, D major, A minor, D minor	A minor, C minor, G major, F major, Eb major, C major, D minor, D major	C major, G major, D major, A minor, D minor, Ebmajor, F major, A major, F minor			
Time Signature	4/4, 3/4, 2/4, 6/8	4/4, 2/4, 3/4	4/4, 2/4, 12/8, 3/4	4/4, 2/4, 3/4	2/4, 4/4, 6/8, 3/4, 5/4	2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4			

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Song Repertoire	Find The Beat	Music Is In My Soul	Home Is Where The	Hoedown	Ghost Parade	Do What You Want To
	1-2-3-4-5	Boléro	Heart Is	Go Tell It On The	Lively	Fanfare For The
	Head, Shoulders, Knees	Hey Friends!	Hallelujah Chorus From	Mountain	Words Can Hurt	Common Man
	And Toes	Eye Of The Tiger	Messiah	I'm Always There	His Eye Is On the	It's All About Love
	Shapes	Hello!	Let's Work It Out	Trick Or Treat	Sparrow	Main Title Theme (From Schindler's List)
	We Talk To Animals	Sparkle In The Sun	Together	Martin Luther King	Joyful, Joyful	Sunshine On A Rainy
	We Are Together	For The Beauty Of The	The Loco-Motion	Looking In The Mirror	The Sparkle In My Life	Day
	Twinkle, Twinkle, Little	Earth	Please Be Kind	Take Time In Life	Glassworks I. Opening	My Best Friend
	Star	Listen	Love What We Do	It's All About Love	Dreaming Of Mars	Why
	In The Orchestra	Fascinating Rhythm	Let's Groove	Perdido	Macaroni Sundae	The Rite Of Spring, Pt.
	Daisy Bell (Bicycle Built	The Orchestra Song	When The Saints Go	Scarborough Fair	Get On Board	Adoration Of The Earth
	For Two)	Rainbows	Marchin' In		Freedom Is coming	- No. 1 Introduction
	Dancing Dinosaurs	Maple Leaf Rag	Jaws: Main Theme	Bring Us Together	Forever Always	Singing Swinging Star
	Rock-A-Bye Baby	Hands, Feet, Heart	My Bonnie Lies Over The Ocean	Mambo From West Side Story	All Over Again	Roll Alabama
	I'm A Little Teapot	Let's Twist Again		Old Joe Clark	Free	Disco Fever
	If You're Happy And	All Around The World	Your Imagination	Bachianas Brasileiras	Do You Ever Wonder?	1812 Overture
	You Know It	Helping Each Other	Disco Fever	No. 2 - The Little Train	Erie Canal	La Bamba
	Sing Me A Song	Piano Trio In A Minor Op. 150 I. Allegro	You're A Shining Star	Of The Caipira	Dances In The Canebrakes No. 2.	Vakuru (Elders)
	Sparkle	The Music Man	Amazing Grace	Dance With Me	Tropical Moon	Change
	Rhythm In The Way We	Swing Time: The Way	Music Makes The World	Let Your Spirit Flu	Heroes	Let's Rock
	Walk	You Look Tonight	Go Round	Symphony No. 5 4th	Star Wars Episode IV: A	Mazurka In G Minor,
	Big Bear Funk	Let's Sing Together	Friendship Song	Movement	New Hope	Op. 24 No. 1
	Baby Elephant	I Wanna Play In A Band	A Night On The Bare Mountain	Frère Jacques	Нарру То Ве Ме	Simple Gifts
	Days Of The Week	Flying Theme From E.T.		On The Beautiful Blue	Look Into The Night	Danny Boy
	Name Song	The Extra-Terrestrial	Family	Danube	The Lark Ascending	Friendship Should Never End
	Cuckoo	Music Is All Around	Double Beat Song	The Other Side Of	Breathe	Wake Up!
	Upside Down	Moon River	Come On Over	The Moon	Stay Connected	We Shall Overcome
	Hush Little Babu	Saying Sorry	He's Got The Whole	Train Is A-Comin'	Keeping Time	Down By The Riverside
	Who Took The Cookie?	The Sunshine Song	World In His Hands	O Euchari	You And Me	You Belong With Me
	Getting Dressed	No More Dinosaur	Porgy and Bess: Act 1, Summertime	Oh Happy Day	The Song Of Hiawatha:	Dance The Night Away
	Dress Up	Four White Horses	Why Does Music Make	Romeo and Juliet,	Overture Op. 30	Heal The Earth
	Brush Our Teeth	Que Llueva, Que	A Difference?	Overture-Fantasy	A Bright Sunny Day	My Funny Valentine
		Llueva	The Young Person's	A World Full of Sound	Central Park In The	Let's Go Surfin'
	Get Ready	Down By The Bay	Guide To The Orchestra		Dark	So Amazing
	Up And Down				You Belong With Me	oo Andzing

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	Star Light, Star Bright The Bear Went Over The Mountain In The Sea Alice The Camel Ten Green Bottles Zootime She'll Be Coming 'Round The Mountain		Panda Extravaganza Michael Row The Boat Ashore The Nutcracker Suite, Op. 71A - Dance Of The Reed Flutes The Dragon Song The Firebird Suite: Finale Follow Me	You Can See It Through A Ceremony Of Carols The Octopus Slide Connect		IIIOSICAL SCRIOGE
Style Repertoire	Hip Hop Jazz Pop Gospel Reggae 20th and 21st Century Orchestral Lullaby Waltz Funk Jazz: Swing Marching Band Country Folk	Gospel 20th Century Orchestral Jazz Rock Pop 20th and 21st Century Orchestral / Choral Jazz: Swing Jazz: Ragtime Kwela Rock 'n' Roll Romantic/20th Century Orchestral Marching Band Film Music Calypso Funk Reggae	Country Baroque Pop Disco Funk Jazz: New Orleans Film Music Folk: Sea Shanty Pop: Ballad Soul Musicals Romantic Rock Native American Gospel Jazz 20th Century Orchestral Hip Hop	Reggae Soul: Ballad R&B Pop Folk Jazz Disco Musicals Contemporary R&B Classical Rock Gospel Choral Electronic Dance Music Funk 20th and 21st Century Orchestral	20th and 21st Century Orchestral Gospel Pop Minimalism Rock 'n' Roll Jazz: Contemporary South African Pop Reggae Film Music Hip Hop Funk Romantic Rhythm & Blues	Soul Pop 20th and 21st Century Orchestral Hip Hop Jazz: Swing Rock Disco Romantic Rock 'n' Roll Zimbabwean Pop Folk Gospel Salsa Reggae Musicals Film Music
Improvisation						
Notes Repertoire	C, D, E, F, G, A	C, D, E, F, G, A, B	C, D, E, F, G, A, B	C, D, E, G, A, F#, B, F	C, D, Eb, F, E, F#,G, A, Bb, B	C, D, E, F, G, A, B, Bb, F#
Key Repertoire	C major, D major, F major, D minor	C major, G major, A minor, F major	C major, G major, F major	C major, D major	A minor, C minor, C major, F major, D minor	C major, G major, F major

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Time Signature Repertoire	4/4, 3/4, 6/8	4/4, 2/4	2/4, 4/4	4/4	4/4, 6/8, 2/4, 3/4	2/4, 4/4, 5/4	
Composition							
Notes Repertoire	C, D, E, F, G, A	C, D, E, F, G, A, B	C, D, E, F, G, A, B, Bb	G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, F, C#, Bb	G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, Eb, F, Ab, Bb, Db	G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, F, Bb, Ab, Db, Eb	
	C major, F major, D minor	C major, G major, F major	C major, F major, G major	G major, D major, C major, D minor	G major, E♭major, F major, D minor	G major, C major, D minor, F major, F minor	
Key Repertoire	4/4, 3/4	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4	4/4	
Time Signature Repertoire							

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Criteria to Assess Progress in Knowledge, Skills and Learning by Year Group

Area 1: Listening and Responding to Music

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Understanding and Using Musical language	1a: Demonstrates an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements), from both prior and new learning.	1a: Demonstrates an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements), from both prior and new learning.	1a: Demonstrates an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning.	1a: Demonstrates an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning.	1a: Demonstrates an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning.	1a: Demonstrates an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning.
Understanding and identifying connections between music and our feelings	1b : Demonstrates a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with/relate to music.	1b : Demonstrates a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with/relate to music.	1b: Can identify and describe feelings as they relate to music.	1b: Can identify and describe a variety of contrasting feelings as they relate to music.	1b: Can identify and describe a variety of contrasting feelings as they relate to music.	2b: Can identify and describe a variety of contrasting feelings as they relate to music.
Understanding and identifying musical styles and the socio-historical connections and context of music	1c: Demonstrates some basic understanding of musical style.	1c: Demonstrates some basic understanding of musical style.	1c: Demonstrates an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections to the music.	1c: Demonstrates an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections of the music.	1c: Demonstrates an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections and context of the music.	3c: Demonstrates an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections and context of the music.

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Area 2: Understanding and Using the Language of Music

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Understanding and using differences in pitch and note duration	2b: Demonstrates an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short).	2b: Demonstrates an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short).				
Composing and in	mprovising:					
• Understanding and applying the concepts	2d: Demonstrates an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition.	2d: Demonstrates an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition.	2c: Can make an informed decision as to which notes to use when composing and improvising with the song.	2c: Can make an informed decision as to which notes to use when composing and improvising with the song.	2c: Can make an informed decision as to which notes and expression to use when composing and improvising with the song.	2c: Can make an informed decision as to which notes and expression to use when composing and improvising with the song.
 Creating melody, according to guidelines 			2a: Can create a four or six-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task.	2a: Can create a four or six-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task.	2a: Can create a four, six or eight-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task.	2a: Can create a four, six, eight or 12-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task.
Following instrumental parts in a group performance			2b: When playing instrumental parts with the song, children can follow the instrumental part on the screen, playing by ear or with the notation provided.	2b: When playing instrumental parts with the song, children can follow the instrumental part on the screen, playing by ear or with the notation provided.	2b: When playing instrumental parts with the song, children can follow the instrumental part on the screen. Playing is secure – by ear or with the notation provided. (Children should aim to be able to read at least the simplest part of the piece).	2b: When playing instrumental parts with the song, children can follow the instrumental part on the screen. Playing is secure – by ear or with the notation provided. (Children should aim to be able to read at least the simplest part of the piece). In Year 6, this includes any musical expression considered for the performance.

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Area 3: Developing Performance Awareness and Skills

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Feeling the pulse/beat	2a: Demonstrates an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.	2a: Demonstrates an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.	3a: Demonstrates an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.	3a: Demonstrates an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.	3a: Demonstrates with confidence an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.	3a: Demonstrates with confidence an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music.
Understanding the importance of posture and technique when performing.	2c: Demonstrates a basic understanding of the importance of posture and technique when performing.	2c: Demonstrates a basic understanding of the importance of posture and technique when performing.	3b: Demonstrates an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing.	3b: Demonstrates an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing.	3b: Demonstrates – and can explain – an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing.	3b: Demonstrates – and can explain – an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing.
Rehearsing and Performing:	From 2e: (When introducing the performance):	From 2e : (When introducing the performance):	3c: When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song:	3c: When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song:	3c: When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song:	3c: When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song:
• Connecting to the Social Theme	• Any connection to the Social Theme is an added bonus.	Any connection to the Social Theme is an added bonus.	Makes connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme.	Makes connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme.	Makes connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme.	Makes connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme.
 Reflecting upon preparation and the context of the piece itself 	2e: Introduces the performance	2e: Introduces the performance	•Introduces the performance with context, demonstrating understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections.	•Introduces the performance with context, demonstrating understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections.	• Introduces the performance with context, demonstrating understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections.	•Introduces the performance with context, demonstrating understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections.

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